

# rte\_security: An update and introducing PDCP

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#### Agenda



- Rte\_security A brief recap
- PDCP Introduction
- Rte\_security Updates for PDCP
- Protocol Error Handling
- ► Q&A

### rte\_security



#### rte\_security – A brief recap

- Framework for management and provisioning of hardware acceleration of security protocols.
- Generic APIs to manage security sessions.
- Net/Crypto device PMD initializes a security context which is used to access security operations on that particular device.
- Rich capabilities discovery APIs
- Currently IP Security (IPsec) protocol is supported.
- Could support a wide variety of protocols/applications
  - ► Enterprise/SMB VPNs IPsec
  - ▶ Wireless backhaul IPsec, PDCP
  - ► Data-center SSL
  - ▶ WLAN backhaul CAPWAP/DTLS
  - ▶ Control-plane options for above PKCS, RNG



#### A multi-device API (Object Model)





#### **Protocols and actions**



- Select the session Protocol: "rte\_security\_session\_protocol"
  - ▶ IPSEC, MACSEC, SSL, PDCP etc.

#### Select the Security Action Type: "rte\_security\_session\_action\_type"

- RTE\_SECURITY\_ACTION\_TYPE\_INLINE\_CRYPTO: Inline crypto processing as NIC offload during recv/transmit.
- RTE\_SECURITY\_ACTION\_TYPE\_INLINE\_PROTOCOL: Inline security protocol processing as NIC offload during recv/transmit.
- RTE\_SECURITY\_ACTION\_TYPE\_LOOKASIDE\_PROTOCOL: Security protocol processing including crypto on a crypto accelerator.
- Action type can be an input for the given application during session creation
- Based on the action type and other session related information, application configures session parameters for security offload.

#### **IPSEC - Encrypt Packet Processing**





#### Security APIs

# DPDK

#### Get device context

void \*rte\_cryptodev\_get\_sec\_ctx(uint8\_t dev\_id)
void \*rte\_eth\_dev\_get\_sec\_ctx(uint8\_t port\_id)

#### Create Session

struct rte\_security\_session \* rte\_security\_session\_create(
 struct rte\_security\_ctx \*instance,
 struct rte\_security\_session\_conf \*conf,
 struct rte\_mempool \*mp);

- Update (rte\_security\_session\_update)
- Destroy (rte\_security\_session\_destroy)
- Get Stats (rte\_security\_session\_stats\_get)
- Get userdata (rte\_security\_get\_userdata)
- Set pkt metadata (rte\_security\_set\_pkt\_metadata)
- Attach session with crypto\_op
   (rte\_security\_attach\_session)

```
/* Security context for crypto/eth devices */
struct rte security ctx {
        void *device;
        /**< Crypto/ethernet device attached */
        const struct rte security ops *ops;
        /**< Pointer to security ops for the device */
        uint16 t sess cnt;
        /**< Number of sessions attached to this context */
};
/** security session configuration parameters */
struct rte security session conf config = {
     .action type = RTE SECURITY ACTION TYPE INLINE CRYPTO,
     /**< Type of action to be performed on the session */
     .protocol = RTE SECURITY PROTOCOL IPSEC,
     /**< Security protocol to be configured */
     .ipsec = {
          .spi = /**< Security Protocol Index */,
          .salt = /** Salt value */,
          .direction = RTE SECURITY IPSEC SA DIR INGRESS,
          .proto = RTE SECURITY IPSEC SA PROTO ESP,
          .mode = RTE SECURITY IPSEC SA MODE TUNNEL
     },
     /**< Configuration parameters for security session */
     .crypto xform = /** crypto transforms */
     /**< Security Session Crypto Transformations */
     .userdata = /** Application specific User data */
};
```

### PDCP

Packet Data Convergence Protocol

#### **PDCP-** Features



- Transfer of Data (C-Plane and U-Plane) between RLC and Higher U-Plane interface
- Maintenance of PDCP SN(Sequence Number)
- Transfer of SN Status (for use Upon Handover)
- ROHC (Robust Header Compression)
- In-Sequence delivery of Upper Layer PDUs at re-establishment of lower layer
- Elimination of duplicate of lower layer SDUs at re-establishment of lower layer for RLC AM
- Ciphering and Deciphering of C-Plane and U-Plane data
- Integrity Protection and Integrity verification of C-Plane Data
- Timer based Discard
- Duplicate Discard

#### Where PDCP fits in LTE Radio Protocol stack??



#### PDCP sublayer functional view



#### Integrity protection and verification

- Pure computation function to protect transmitted data against a non-authorised third-party from alteration.
- Applies on header and data part of SRB1 and SRB2 PDU in CP.
- Security Control Information Element *"IntegrityProtAlgorithm"* of RRC contain 4 bit field:
  - '0001' SNOW 3G based algorithm (128-EIA1)
  - '0010' AES based algorithm (128-EIA2)



#### Ciphering and Deciphering



- CP: Ciphers/deciphers data part and MAC-I of PDCP data PDU.
- UP: Ciphers/deciphers data part of PDCP data PDU.
- Algorithm common for CP and UP
- Security Control Information Element "CipheringAlgorithm "of RRC contain 4 bit field:
  - '0000' no ciphering (EPS Encryption Algo, EEA0)
  - '0001' SNOW 3G based algorithm (128-EEA1)
  - ▶ '0010' AES based algorithm (128-EEA2)



### Header compression/decompression

- Applies on U-plane PDCP SDU using RoHC framework
- Compression principles used:
  - Remove redundancy between header field values within packets.
  - Remove redundancy between consecutive packets belonging to same flow.
- Generates two types of output data:
  - Compressed packets, each associated with one PDCP SDU.
  - Standalone interspersed packets, ROHC feedback packet, not associated with a PDCP SDU



#### PDCP sequence number options

# DPDK

- Depending on the type of packet, different Sequence numbers are chosen.
  - Control plane PDCP Data PDU (5 Bits)
  - User plane PDCP Data PDU with long PDCP SN (12 bits)
  - User plane PDCP Data PDU with short PDCP SN (7 bits)
  - User plane PDCP Data PDU with extended PDCP SN (15 bits)









PDCP SN

Data

Oct 1

Oct 2

D/C

#### PDCP – Basic / Complicated



- PDCP can do ciphering, integrity, header compression.
- But it may have certain messages which do not require any ciphering, integrity, header compression.
- It can be as simple as null cipher, null auth, no header compression
- It can be as complicated as cipher (with ZUC, snow-3g) and auth (with AES-CMAC, ZUC etc)
- PDCP has evolved from basic Release 8 to complicated Release 13 of 3GPP.

Current proposal for rte\_security is for supporting cipher and auth operations with PDCP header(lookaside)

### rte\_security -revisit

Updates for PDCP

#### rte\_security - Update for PDCP



Create PDCP security session using rte\_security\_session\_create() with updated session configuration as follows:

struct rte\_security\_session\_conf {

```
enum rte_security_session_action_type action_type; /**< Type of action to be performed on the session */
enum rte_security_session_protocol protocol; /**< Security protocol to be configured */
RTE STD C11</pre>
```

union {

};

```
struct rte_security_ipsec_xform ipsec;
struct rte_security_macsec_xform macsec;
struct rte_security_pdcp_xform pdcp;
```

```
struct rte_crypto_sym_xform *crypto_xform;
void *userdata;
```

/\*\*< IPSec specific configurations \*/

```
/**< macsec Specific configurations */
```

```
/**< PDCP specific configurations */</pre>
```

```
/**< Configuration parameters for security session */
```

```
/**< Security Session Crypto Transformations */</pre>
```

```
/**< Application specific userdata to be saved with session */
```

```
Here protocol should be RTE_SECURITY_PROTOCOL_PDCP.
```

};

#### **PDCP** Configuration

# DPDK

#### /\*\*

- \* PDCP security association configuration data.
- \*
- \* This structure contains data required to create a PDCP security session.

```
*/
```

```
struct rte security pdcp xform {
```

```
int8_t bearer; /**< PDCP bearer ID */
enum rte_security_pdcp_domain domain; /** < PDCP mode of operation: Control or data */
enum rte_security_pdcp_direction pkt_dir; /**< PDCP Frame Direction 0:UL 1:DL */
enum rte_security_pdcp_sn_size sn_size; /**< Sequence number size, 5/7/12/15 */
int8_t hfn_ovd; /**< Overwrite HFN per operation 0:disable,1:enable */
uint32_t hfn; /**< Hyper Frame Number */
uint32 t hfn_threshold; /**< HFN Threshold for key renegotiation */</pre>
```

#### **PDCP** Capabilities Example



```
{ /* PDCP Lookaside Protocol offload Data Plane */
    .action = RTE_SECURITY_ACTION_TYPE_LOOKASIDE_PROTOCOL,
    .protocol = RTE_SECURITY_PROTOCOL_PDCP,
    .pdcp = {
        .domain = RTE_SECURITY_PDCP_MODE_DATA,
    },
    .crypto_capabilities = pdcp_capabilities
},
```

```
{ /* PDCP Lookaside Protocol offload Control Plane */
    .action = RTE_SECURITY_ACTION_TYPE_LOOKASIDE_PROTOCOL,
    .protocol = RTE_SECURITY_PROTOCOL_PDCP,
    .pdcp = {
        .domain = RTE_SECURITY_PDCP_MODE_CONTROL,
    },
    .crypto_capabilities = pdcp_capabilities
},
```

```
static const struct rte_cryptodev_capabilities pdcp_capabilities[] =
```

```
/* SNOW 3G (UIA2) */
.op = RTE CRYPTO OP TYPE SYMMETRIC,
{.sym = {
        .xform type = RTE CRYPTO SYM XFORM AUTH,
        \{ .auth = \}
                 .algo = RTE CRYPTO AUTH SNOW3G UIA2,
                 .block size = 16,
                 .key size = {
                         .min = 16,
                         .max = 16,
                         .increment = 0
                },
                 .digest size = {
                         .min = 4,
                         .max = 4,
                         .increment = 0
                },
                 .iv size = {
                         .min = 16,
                         .max = 16,
                         .increment = 0
        }, }
}, }
```

},

#### **API Sequence**





#### rte\_security – Error handling



#### Handling for protocol errors

- Anti-replay errors, Sequence number overflow errors
- ▶ For inline protocol rte\_eth\_events can be used to pass error information to the application
- For look-aside Crypto errors can be extended for security errors in rte\_crypto\_op\_status





- Rte\_security can be used as a framework to support various security protocols.
- PDCP protocol is briefly discussed in this presentation
- Basic API sequence and data flow shall remain same for every protocol.
- Updates for PDCP are floated on the mailing list. Please have a look.
- PMD owners supporting PDCP shall come up and send updates for there drivers.

#### Future Work



- Header Compression/Decompression(RoHC) support for PDCP
- Inline crypto/protocol implementation for PDCP
- Multi process support
- Enable Event based security sessions
- Test application for PDCP
- Software equivalent enablement
  - It could be possible to offer software equivalent processing under this API, may or may not be desirable depending on protocol and it's processing overhead.

### Questions?

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