

DPDK USERSPACE 2019, BORDEAUX

Lib1Net

OPTIMISING VNF PERFORMANCE AND DENSITY AT THE ENTERPRISE EDGE

ANTHONY FEE PRINCIPAL NETWORK SOFTWARE ENGINEER





Overview

- Who am I?
- Enterprise Edge Characteristics
- Lib1Net and its Benefits to VNF deployments
- Lib1Net Features
- Q&A

Introduction

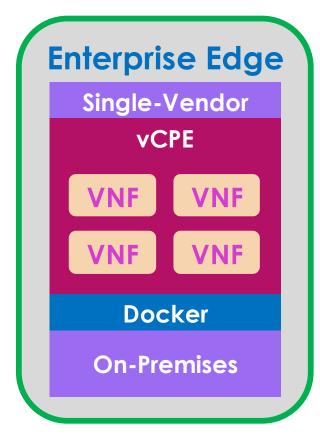


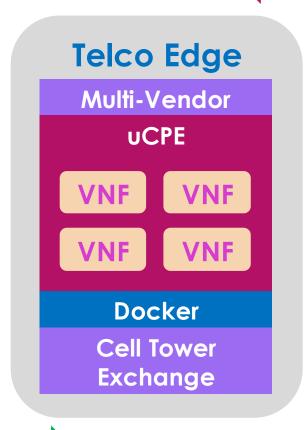
- Anthony Fee, Principal Network Software Engineer at Emutex Madrid.
- DPDK experience:
 - Developer of high performance DPDK-based network applications and VNFs.
 - Co-author of initial vhost-user example application.
 - Integrator of vhost-user with OVS-DPDK (Open vSwitch).
- Emutex:
 - Developer of high-performance DPDK network applications on Intel architecture.
 - Developer of Linux Kernels, drivers and distributions for embedded systems.

Enterprise Edge Characteristics



Intelligence







Opportunity

Enterprise Edge Characteristics



- Single vendor VNF solutions (e.g. Security Appliance).
- Hardware cost has significant impact on solution cost.
- Maximising network packet throughput is a challenge.
- Service chain configuration is common.
- Trending towards use of Docker containerised VNFs.



Lib1Net



How can I maximise network packet throughput and VNF density in my Enterprise Edge solution?







Lib1Net



Build your Docker containerised VNFs using **Lib1Net** and **DPDK!**



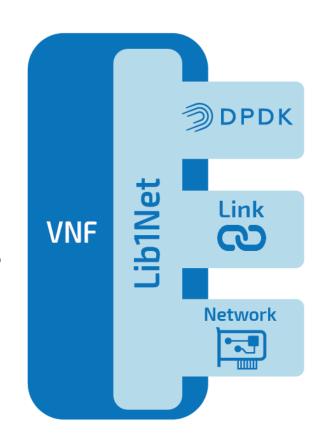




Lib1Net



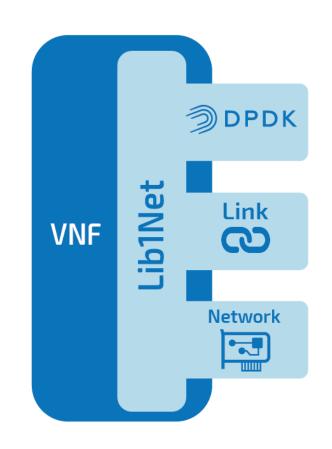
- Light-weight DPDK-based software library.
- Simplifies the integration of DPDK packet acceleration.
- Exposes a simplified API focussed on VNF requirements.
- Targets enterprise edge Docker containerised VNFs.



Lib1Net - Benefits



- Abstracts VNF applications from DPDK configuration.
- Optimises packet receive polling and transmission.
- Maximises hardware utilisation for service chaining.
- Simplifies port management through JSON configuration.
- Standardises how configuration is provided to VNFs.



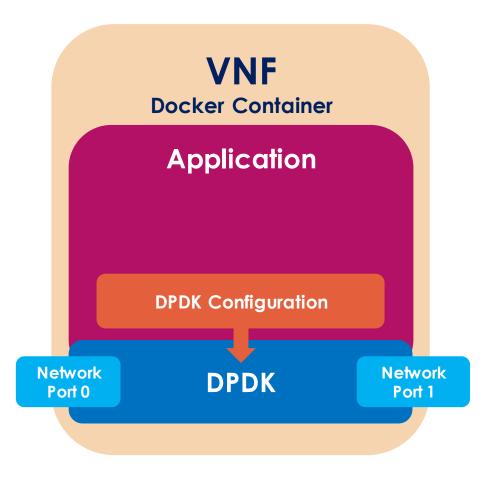
Lib1Net - DPDK Configuration



How can I configure **DPDK** to maximise the packet processing performance of my VNF?







Lib1Net - DPDK Configuration

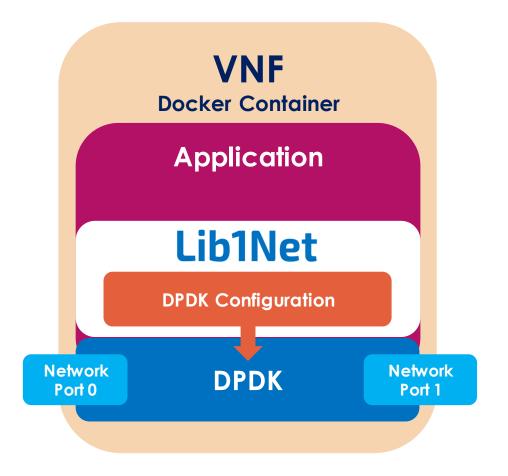


Lib1Net does this for you by:

- Configuring DPDK Memory
- Configuring DPDK Ports
- Initialising DPDK







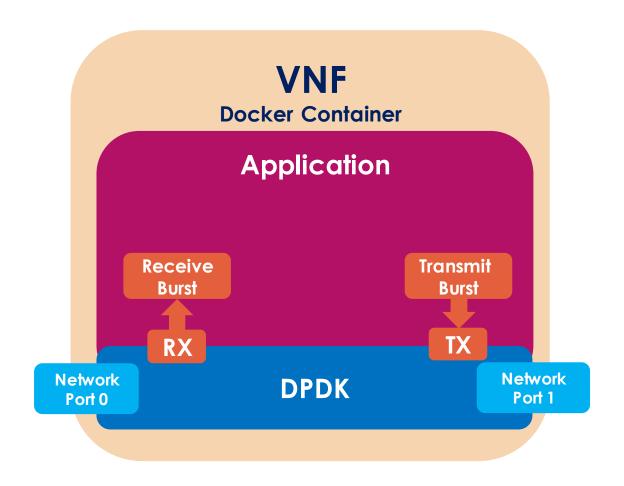
Lib1Net - DPDK Packet Handling



What is the most efficient method of receiving and transmitting packets with **DPDK**?







Lib1Net - DPDK Packet Handling

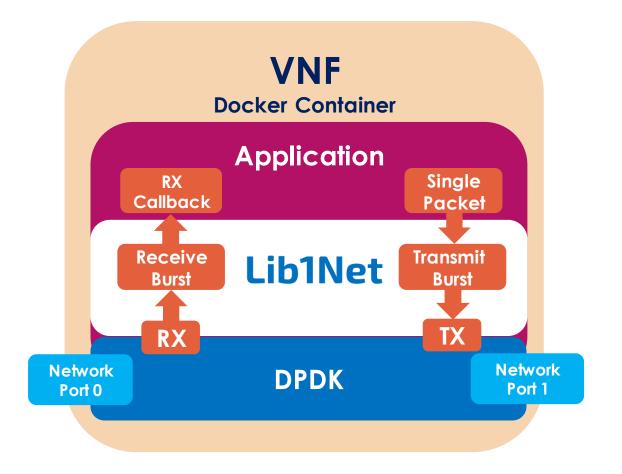


Lib1Net manages RX/TX by:

- Handling RX polling.
- Passing packets to the application through an RX callback.
- Internally buffer TX packets to efficiently transmit bursts.

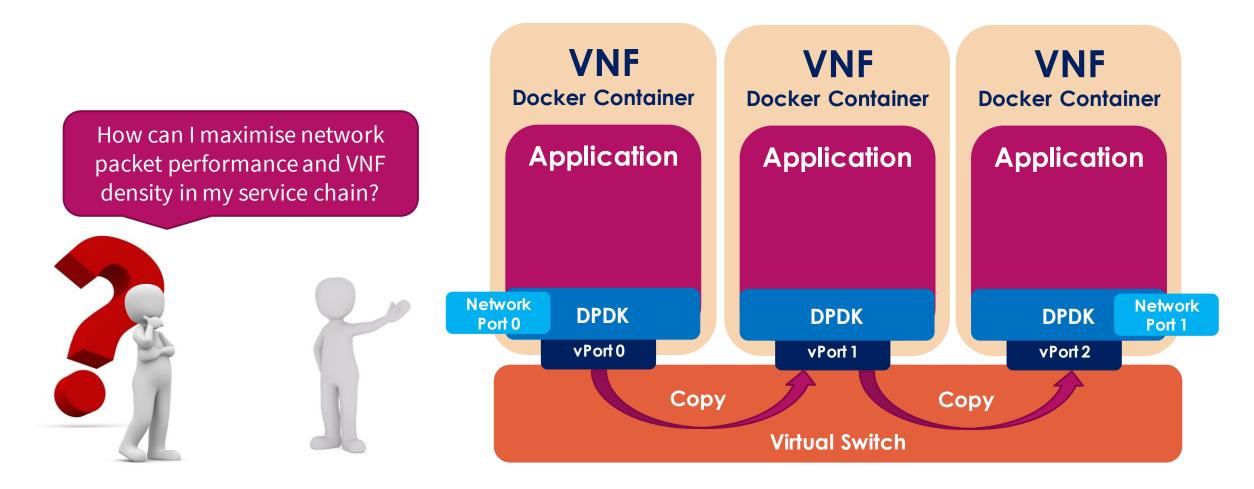






Lib1Net - Service Chains





Lib1Net - Service Chains

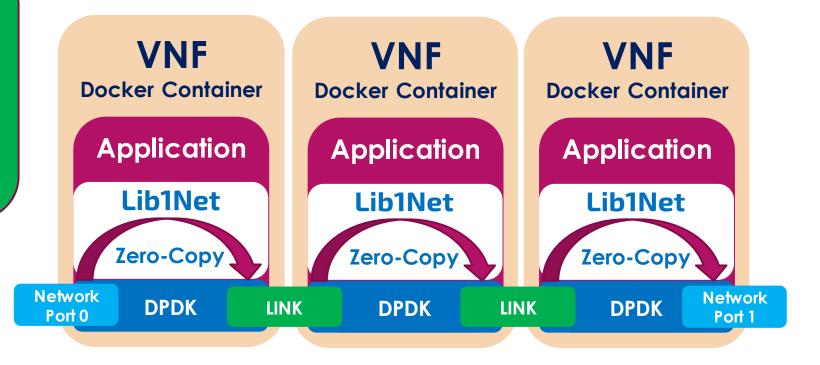


The **Lib1Net LINK** network interface:

- enables zero-copy through the entire service chain.
- Frees system resources by removing the virtual switch.
- Hides the management of DPDK primary/secondary processes.







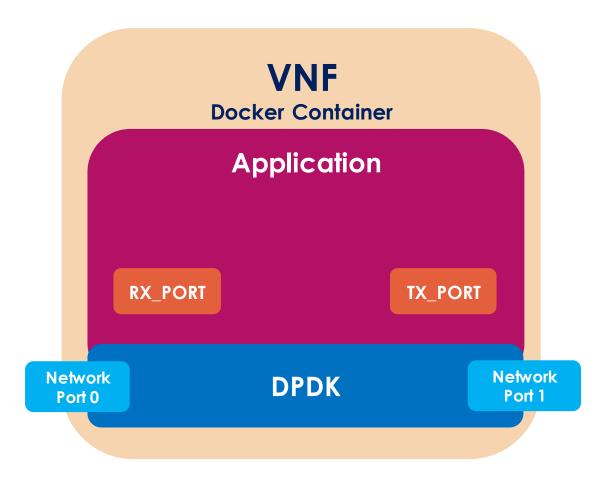
Lib1Net - Port Management



How can I attach network interfaces to specific application ports?







Lib1Net - Port Management

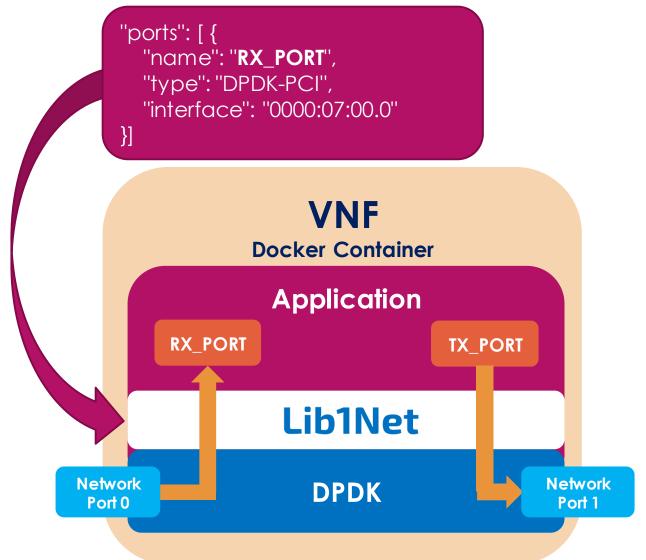


Lib1Net makes this easy by:

- Defining application port names within the application.
- Mapping port names to network interfaces through JSON configuration.



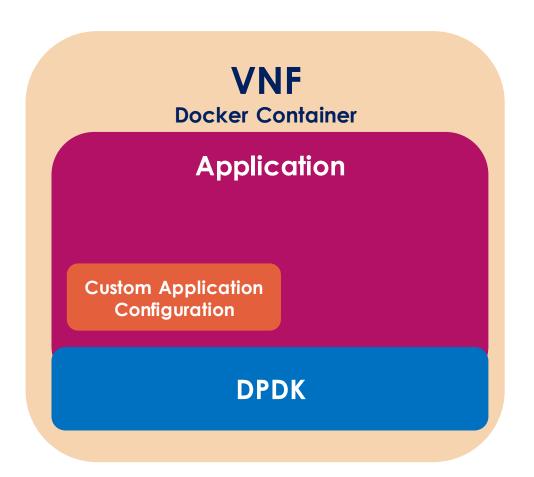




Lib1Net - App Configuration



How can I manage my VNF configuration?



Lib1Net - App Configuration

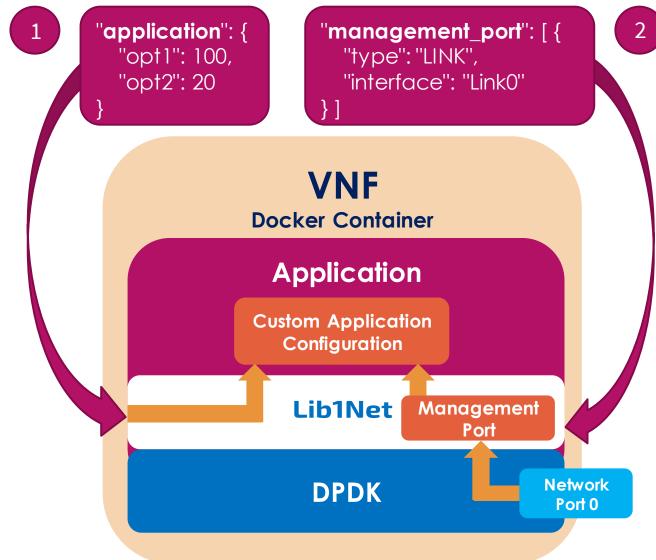


Lib1Net includes two methods for passing configuration messages to your VNF:

- 1. A reserved field is included in the Lib1Net JSON configuration file.
- 2. A management port can be attached to the VNF.

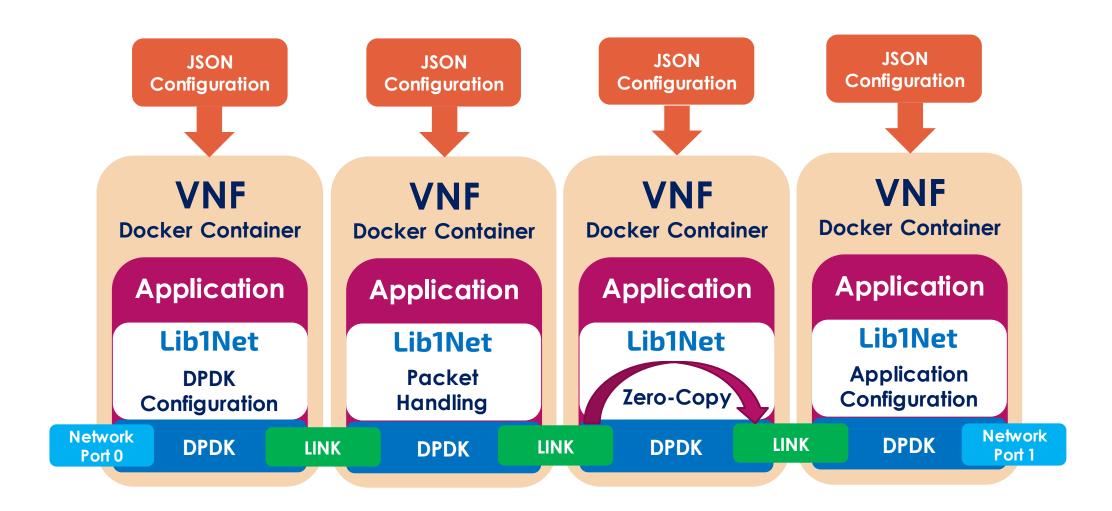






Lib1Net - Enterprise Edge Solution





Summary



- Enterprise Edge solutions developed using Lib1Net benefit from:
 - Increased VNF density by optimising hardware usage when service chaining.
 - Maximised network throughput using the Lib1Net LINK interface.
 - Configuration of DPDK and optimised RX/TX packet handling.
 - Simplified mechanism to pass custom application configuration to VNFs.
- For further information:
 - anthony.fee@emutex.com
 - www.emutex.com



Q&A



Backup



Lib1Net Packet Forwarding Example

main.c

main.c

```
#include "ports_definition.h"

/** Simple receive callback that forwards all packets to a single interface. */
static void rx_callback(unsigned port_id, liblnet_buffer_t *buffer) {
    liblnet_tx(TX_PORT, buffer);
}

liblnet_config_t config = {.static_config = &static_config, .rx_callback = rx_callback};

int main(void) {
    liblnet_init(&config);
    return 0;
}
```



Lib1Net Packet Forwarding Example

ports definition.h

ports_definition.h

```
include "lib1net.h"
enum { RX PORT, TX PORT, NUM PORTS };
const static lib1net static config t static config = {
    .port definitions[RX PORT] =
        .name = "RX PORT",
        .direction = lib1net direction rx,
        .required = true
    .port definitions[TX PORT] =
        .name = "TX PORT",
        .direction = lib1net direction tx,
        .required = true
    .num ports = NUM PORTS
```



Lib1Net Packet Forwarding Example

vnf_configuration.json

vnf_configuration.json