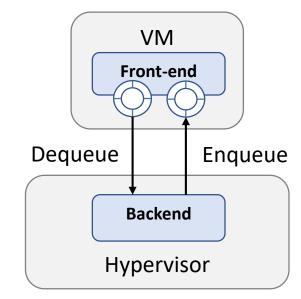
## Asynchronous CBDMA Enqueue Framework for vHost-User

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#### VirtlO

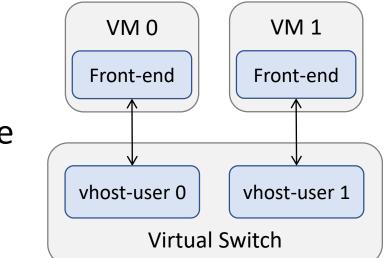
- Para-virtual I/O is a virtualization technique to enhance VM I/O performance.
- VirtIO is a standard of para-virtual I/O, which consists of VirtIO front-end in VM and backend in hypervisor.
- Back-end communicates with front-end by copying packet buffers between hypervisor's and VM's memory.



#### vHost-User

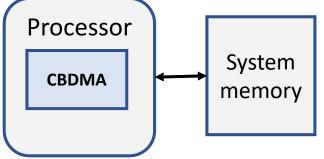
- DPDK provides efficient user-space backend device, called vhost-user.
- vHost-user is widely used in virtual switches, like OVS.

# **Copying large bulk of data** inside vhost-user becomes a **hotspot**.

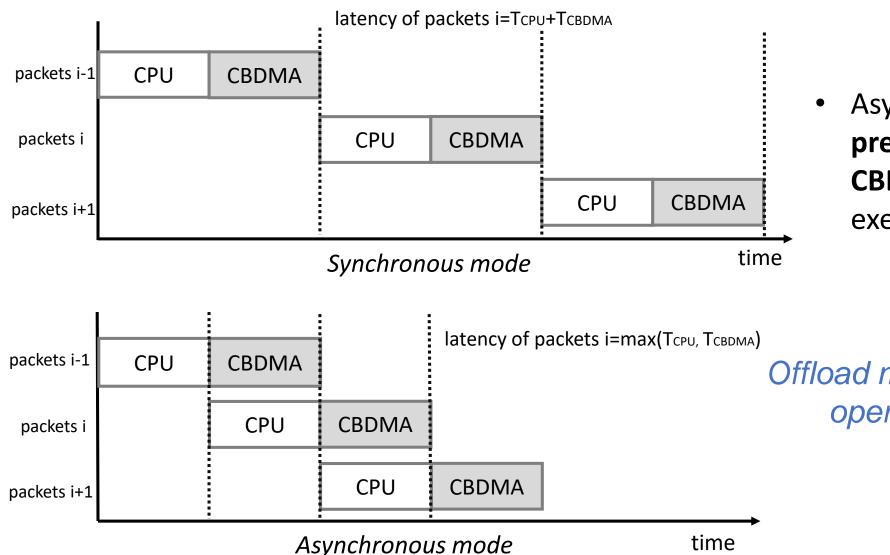


#### Crystal Beach DMA

- Crystal Beach DMA (CBDMA) is a DMA engine in the processor, which is extremely efficient in performing memory copy operations.
- No CPU intervention during data transfer.
- There are two modes of offloading memory copy to the CBDMA:
  - Synchronous mode: the CPU submits copy jobs to the CBDMA and waits for completion.
  - Asynchronous mode: the CPU immediately returns as soon as submits copy jobs to the CBDMA, without waiting for completion.



#### Synchronous vs. Asynchronous



Asynchronous mode can **save precious CPU cycles** and **hide CBDMA copy overhead** in executing CPU logics.

Offload memory copy of enqueue operation to the CBDMA asynchronously

## Challenges

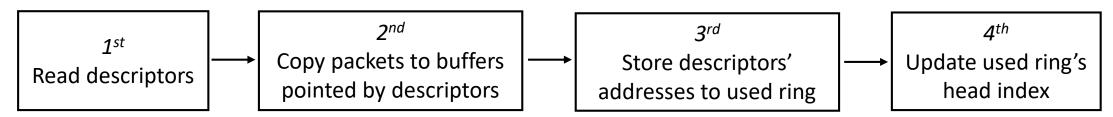
- How to fully utilize the CBDMA.
  - CBDMA performance is significantly influenced by the copy buffer length.
- How the CPU and the CBDMA cooperate to perform enqueue operation efficiently.
- Conflict with enqueue API semantics
  - Enqueue API releases the ownership of user buffers as soon as it finishes.
  - However, CBDMA copy is asynchronous with CPU operations. The CBDMA may still be copying packets when enqueue API returns.

## Solutions of Addressing Challenges

- Adaptively assign workloads to the CPU and the CBDMA, according to the copy length.
  - Please refer to <u>https://www.dpdk.org/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/sites/35/2018/12/JiayuHu Accelerating paravirtio with CBDMA.p</u> <u>df</u>
- Asynchronous CPU and CBDMA enqueue pipeline
- Provide a new PMD, vhost-ioat PMD, for CBDMA-accelerated backend.
  - In enqueue operation, packets' mbufs that are completed copy by the CBDMA are freed inside the vhost-ioat PMD, without returning to users.

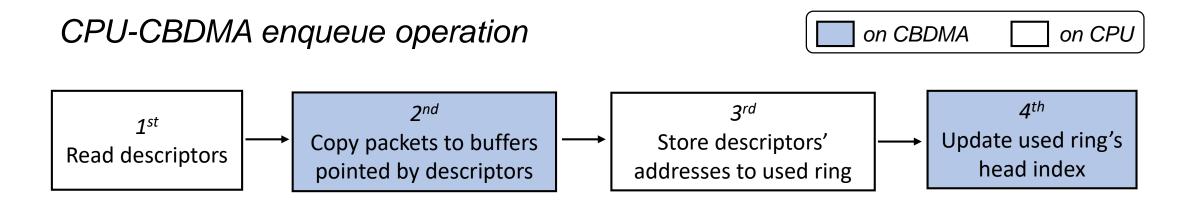
## Asynchronous CPU-CBDMA Enqueue Pipeline

• Vring enqueue operation has four steps:



- Back-end notifies front-end of enqueued packets by updating head index of used ring.
- The execution of the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> steps can be out-of-order.
- As the CBDMA is inefficient in copying small packets, we assign the 3<sup>rd</sup> step to the CPU and the 2<sup>nd</sup> step to the CBDMA.
- We assign the 4<sup>th</sup> step to the CBDMA to guarantee predictable latency to frontend.

## Asynchronous CPU-CBDMA Enqueue Pipeline



- The 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> steps of CPU and the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> steps of CBDMA execute in parallel.
- Thus, we can save precious CPU cycles to do meaningful jobs and hide CBDMA copy overhead in executing CPU logics.

#### vHost-ioat PMD

- vHost-ioat is a polling mode driver for CBDMA-accelerated VirtIO backend.
  - It implements CBDMA-accelerated data path.
  - For control path, it directly leverages the vhost library.
- vHost-ioat PMD provides basic functionality of packet reception and transmission.
  - In the TX direction, it offloads memory copy operations the CBDMA asynchronous.
  - It just supports CPU-based RX operation currently. CBDMA-accelerated RX operation is a work in progress.

#### vHost-ioat PMD

- Users can specify the following arguments in '--vdev' option:
  - *iface*: specify a path to connect front end
  - *queues*: the number of queues
  - *client*: client mode or server mode
  - *ioats*: specify the CBDMA address used by a queue
- An example of creating a vhost-ioat port:
- --vdev 'ioat\_vhost\_0,iface=/tmp/sock0,queues=2,ioats=(txq0@00:04.0;txq1@00:04.1),client=0'
- Limitation
  - A CBDMA device can only be used by one queue.

## Key Takeaways and Future Work

- Key takeaways
  - Offload memory copy inside vhost-user to the CBDMA asynchronously to improve performance.
  - Asynchronous CPU-CBDMA enqueue pipeline is designed for CBDMA-accelerated enqueue operation.
  - Provide vhost-ioat PMD for CBDMA-accelerated backend.
- Future work
  - Support CBDMA-accelerated dequeue operation.
  - Support sharing CBDMA among vhost-ioat queues and ports.

# Thanks

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