



DPDK



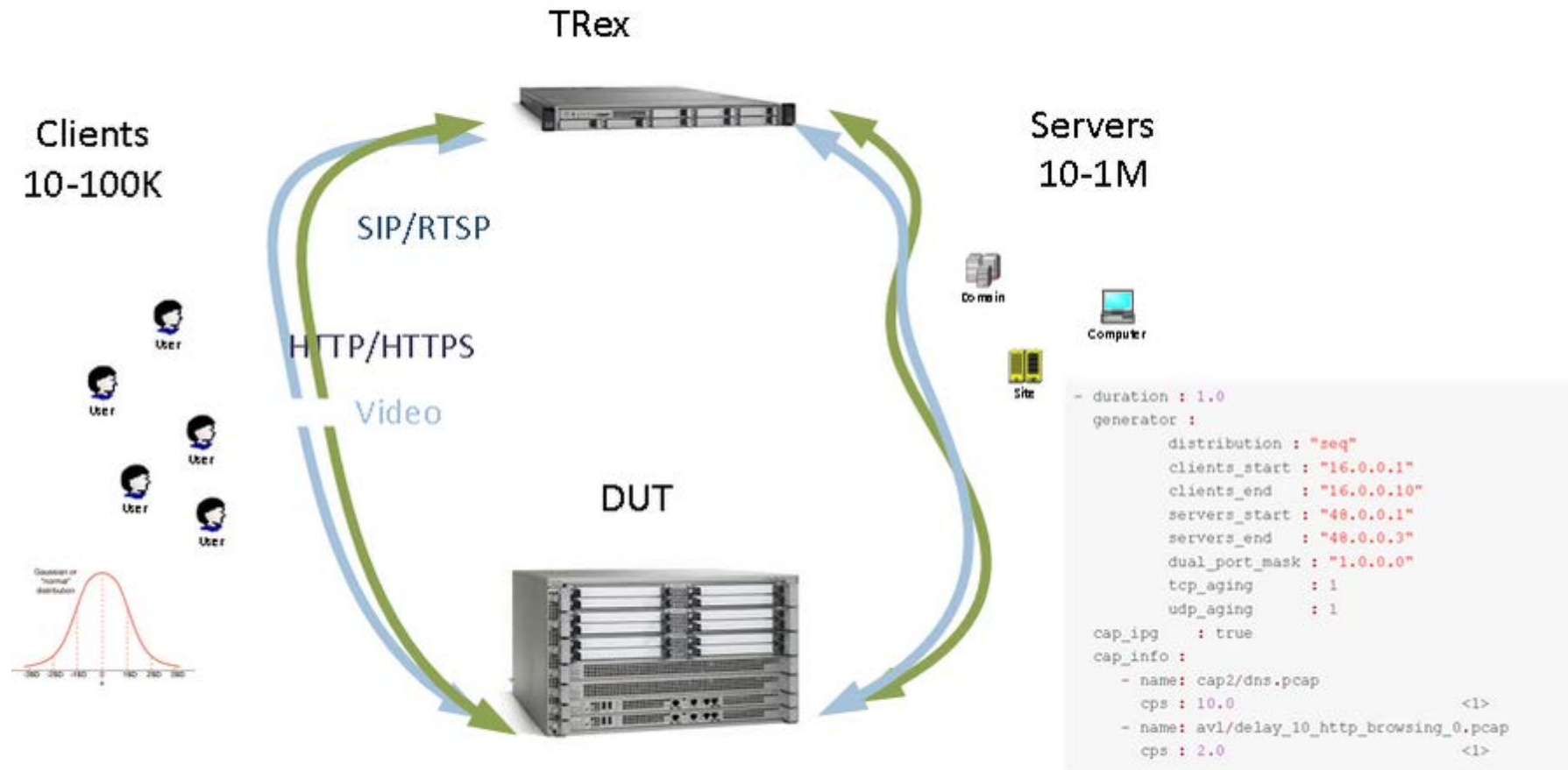
Stateless
support

Hanoch Haim

DPDK Summit Userspace - Dublin- 2016



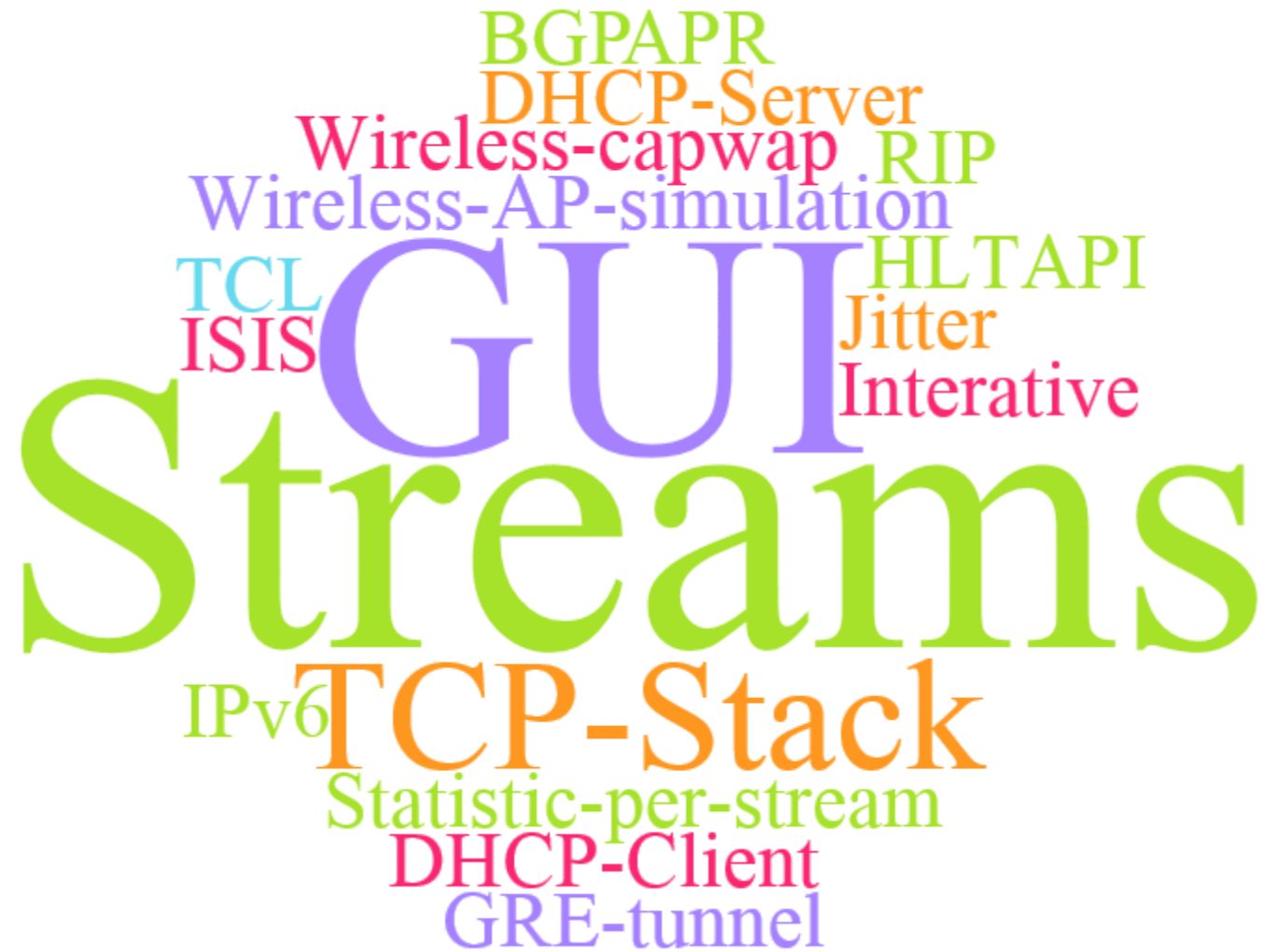
TRex started as Stateful TGN



Cisco Pioneer Award winner - 2015



Requirements



Requirement fd.io CSIT project

<https://wiki.fd.io/view/CSIT>



► RFC 2544

- High performance /scale
- Multi streams
- Latency/Jitter measurement
- Statistic per stream
- Automation

Traffic Profile Example

Stream 1

IP/TCP

Continuous 1 KPPS

10.0.0.1 – 10.0.0.255

Stream 2

IP/UDP

Burst 2 KPPS, 3 packets

16.0.0.1 – 10.0.0.255

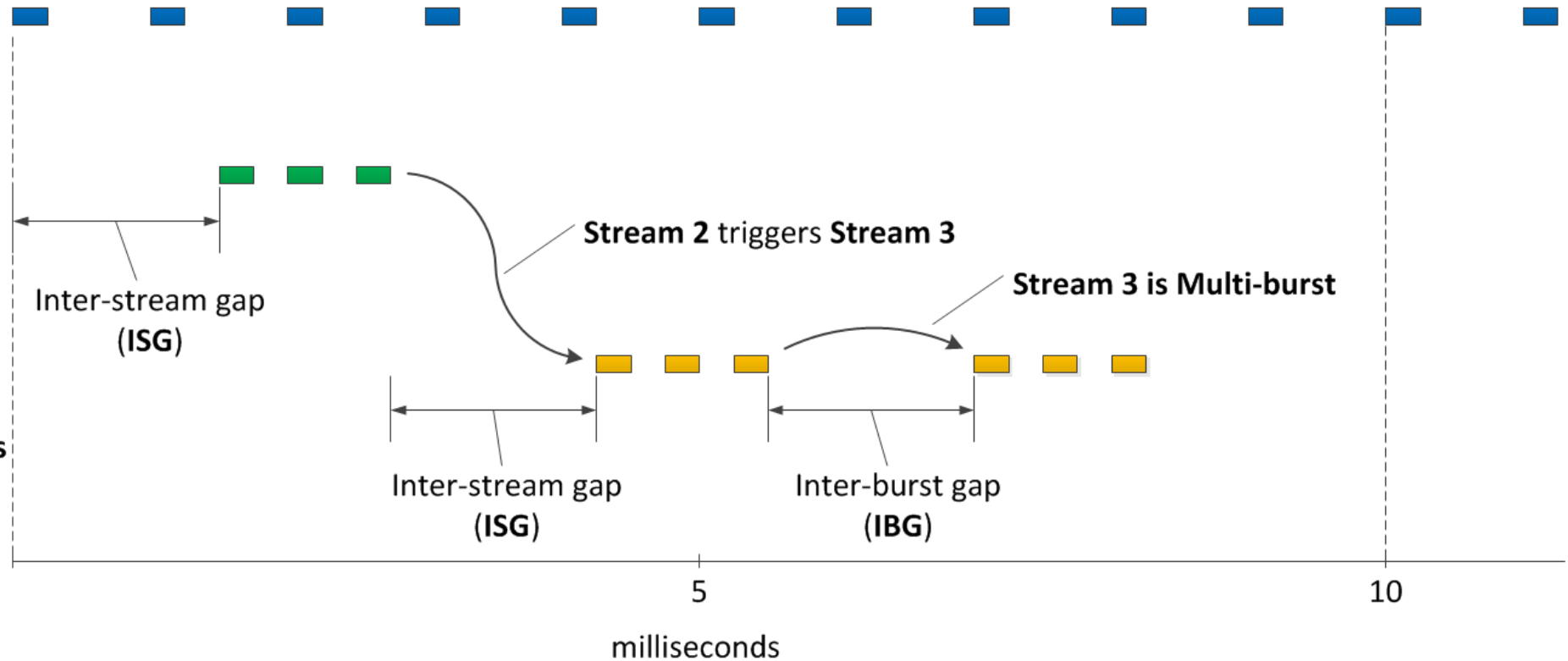
Stream 3

MPLS/IP/GRE/VXLAN

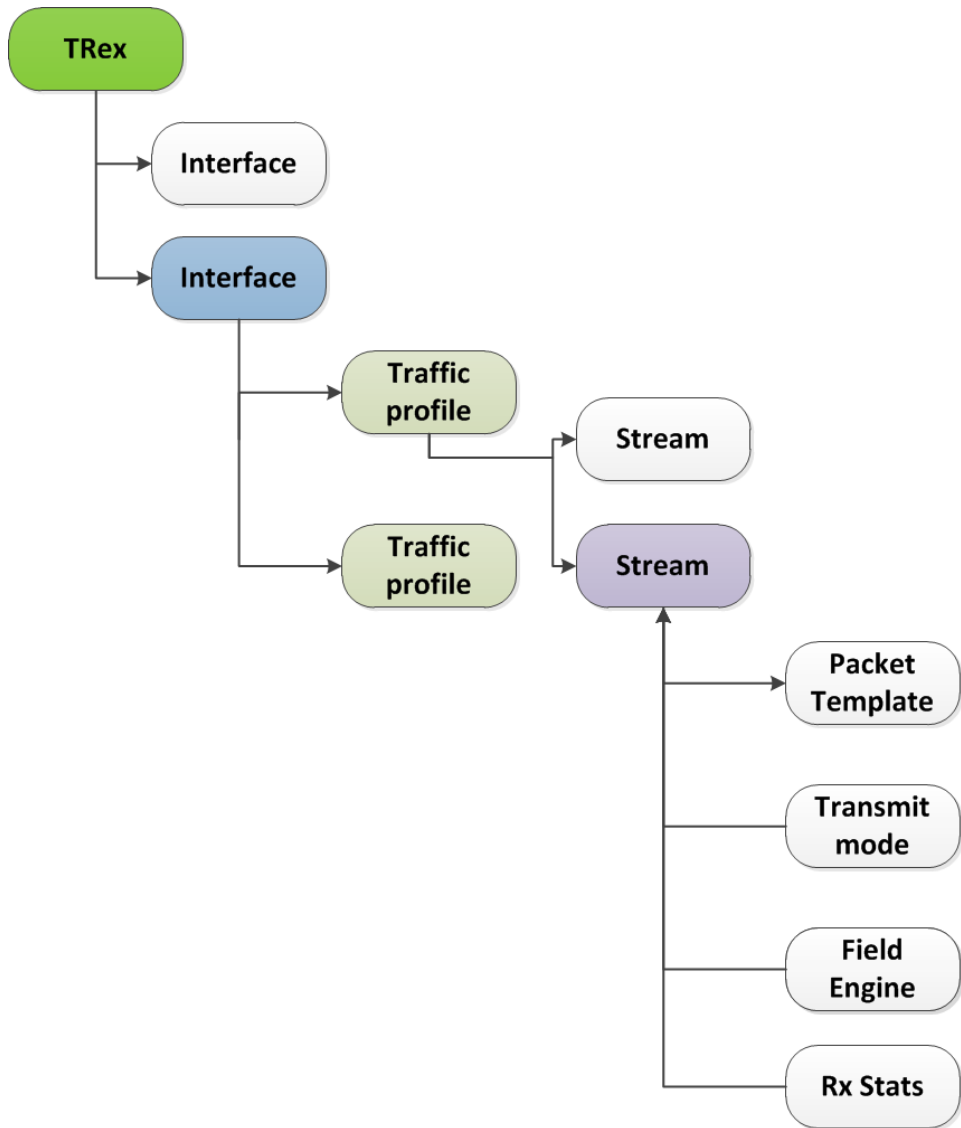
Multi-burst 2 KPPS, 3 packets

200.0.0.1 – 200.0.0.255

Enabled by Stream 2

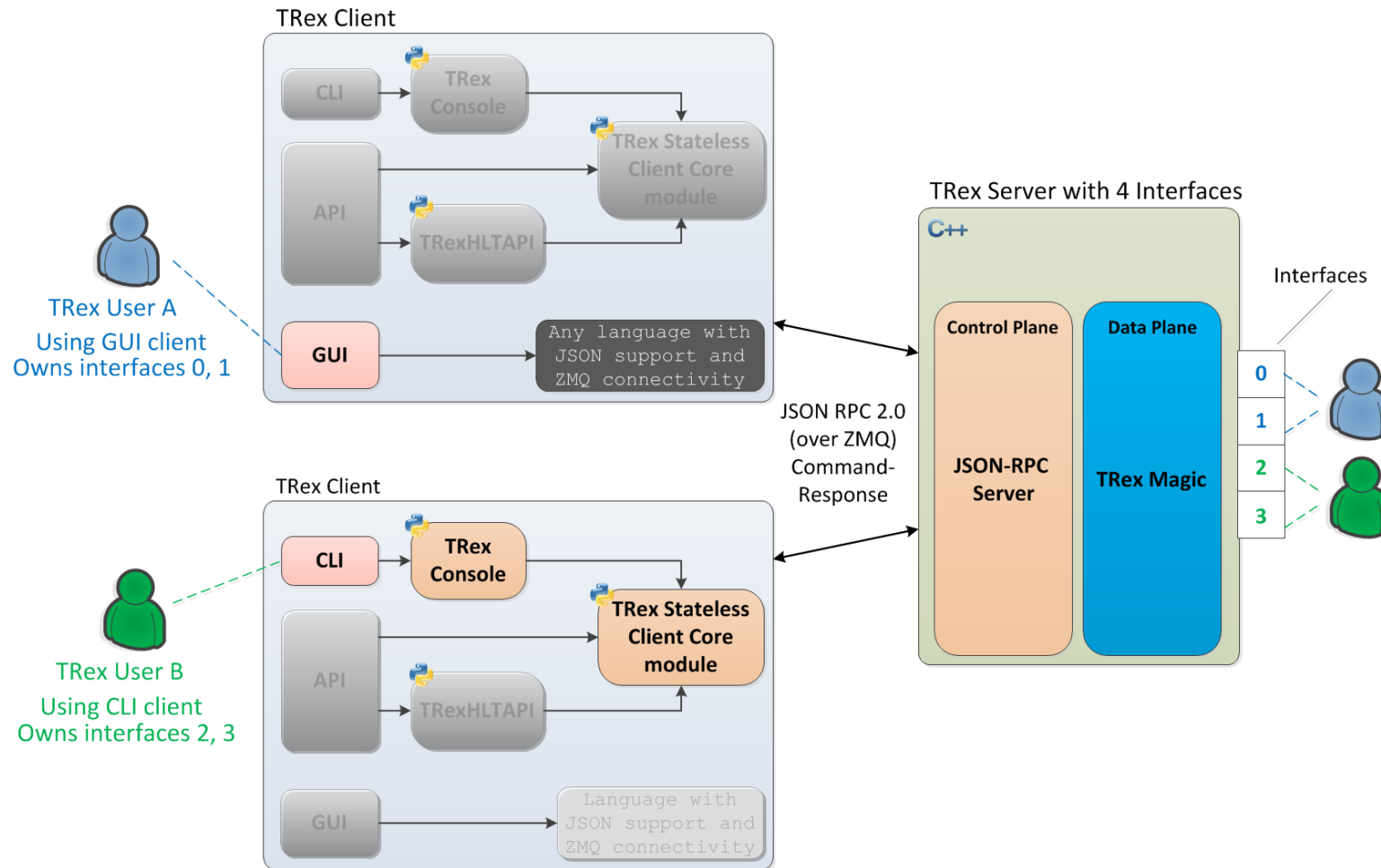


TRex Objects relations

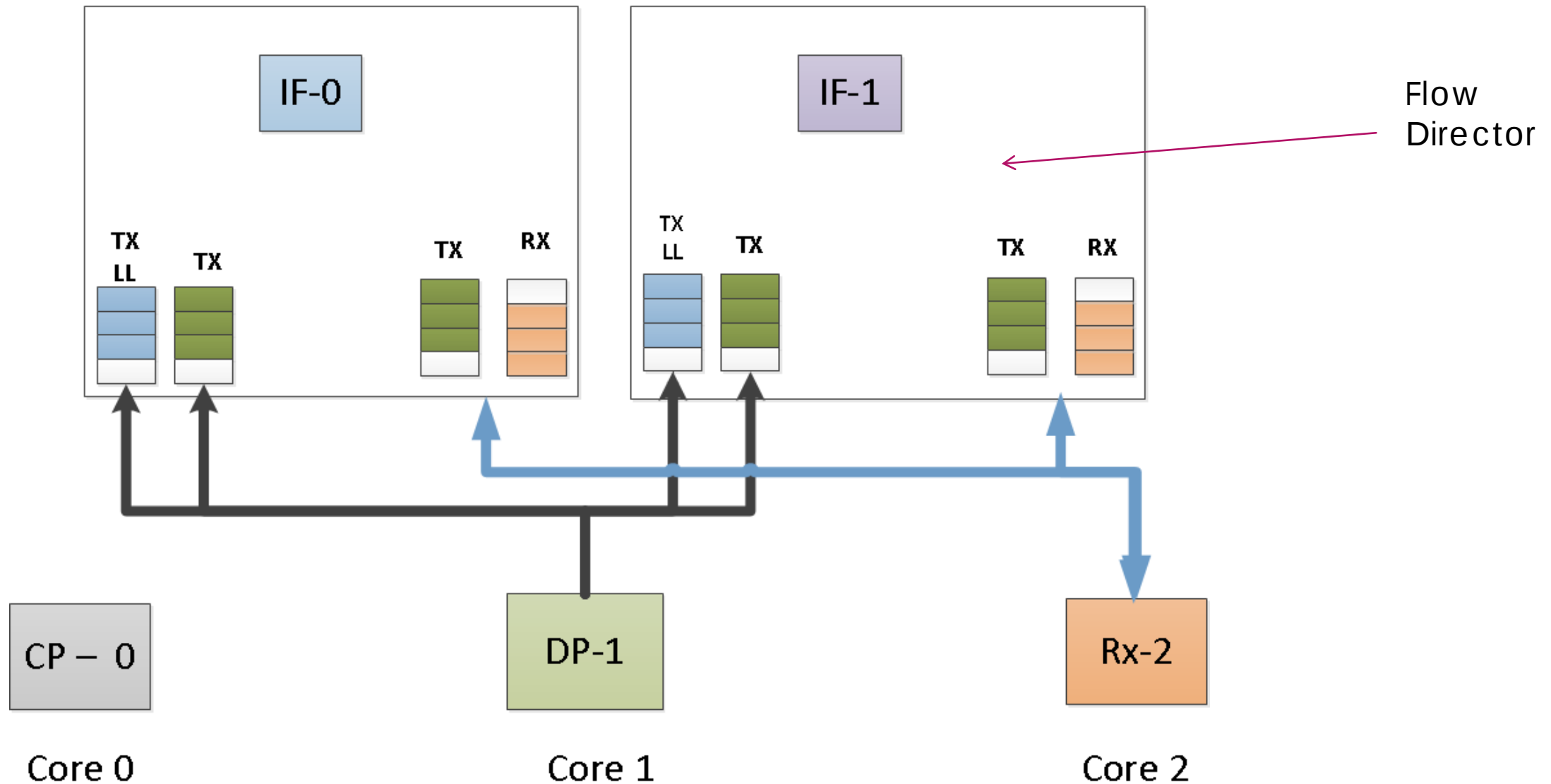


High level CP/DP

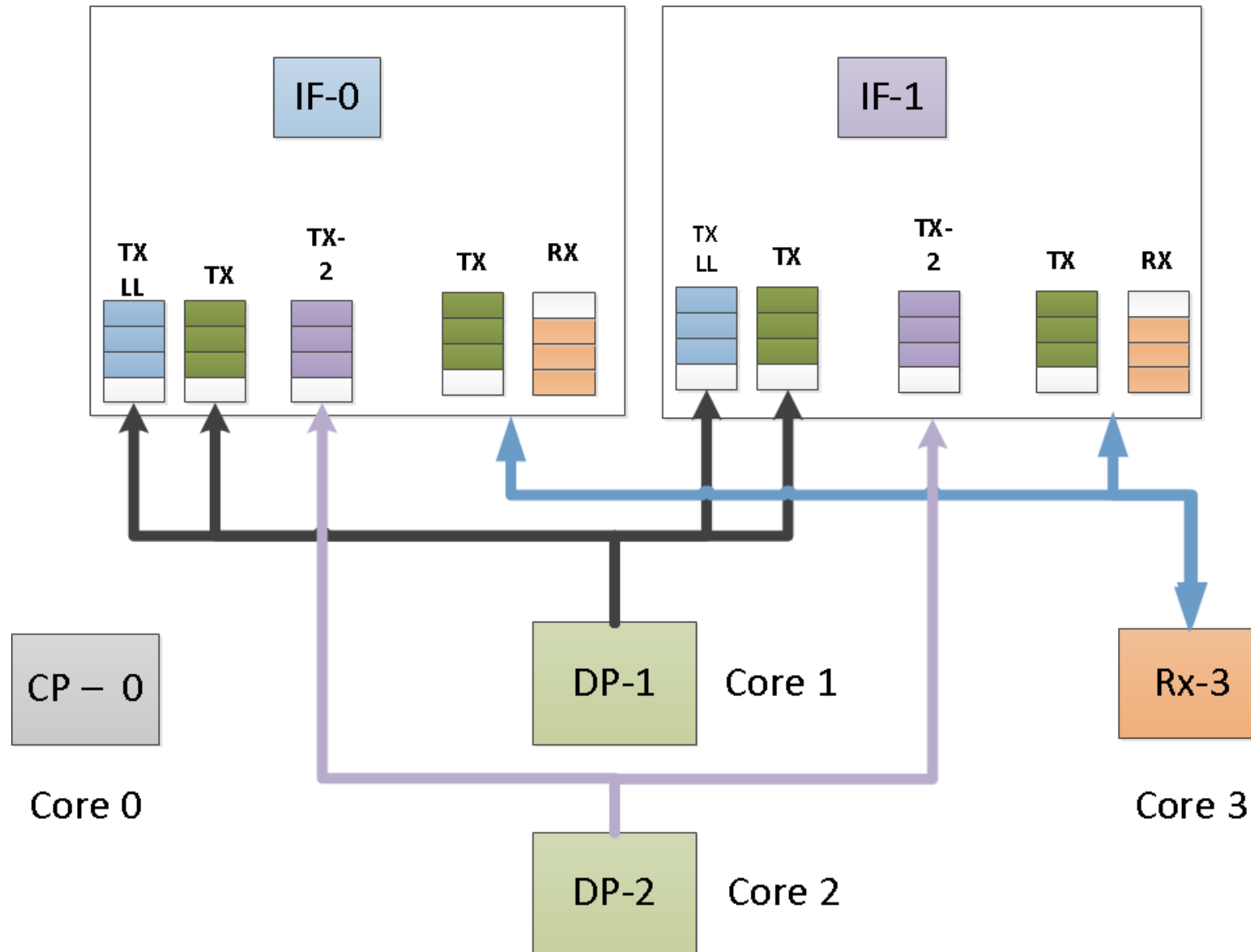
Control plane High level



TRex DP queues/cores #1 DP

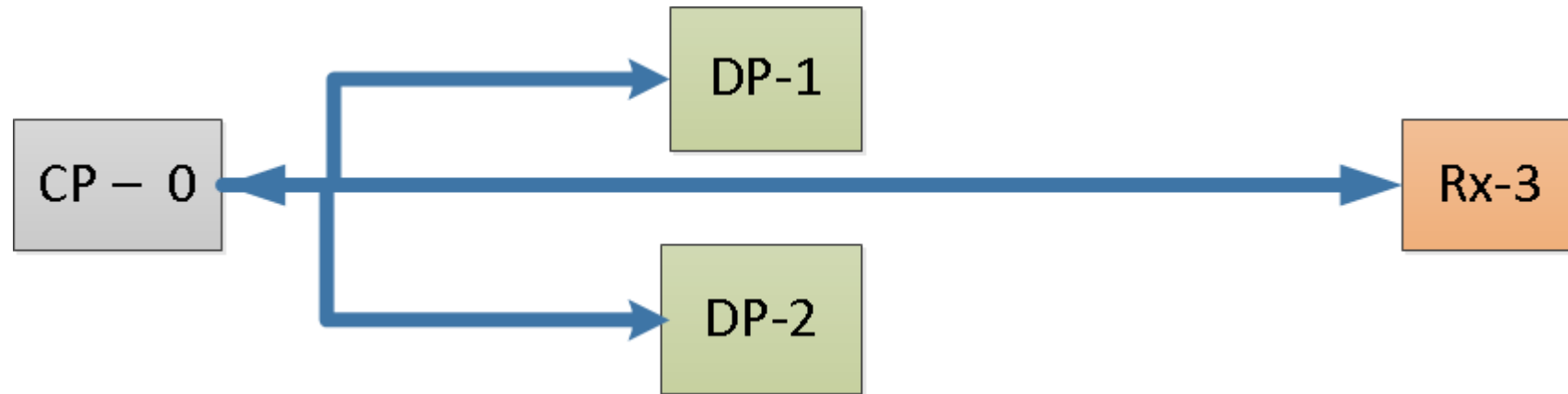


TRex DP queues/cores #2 DP



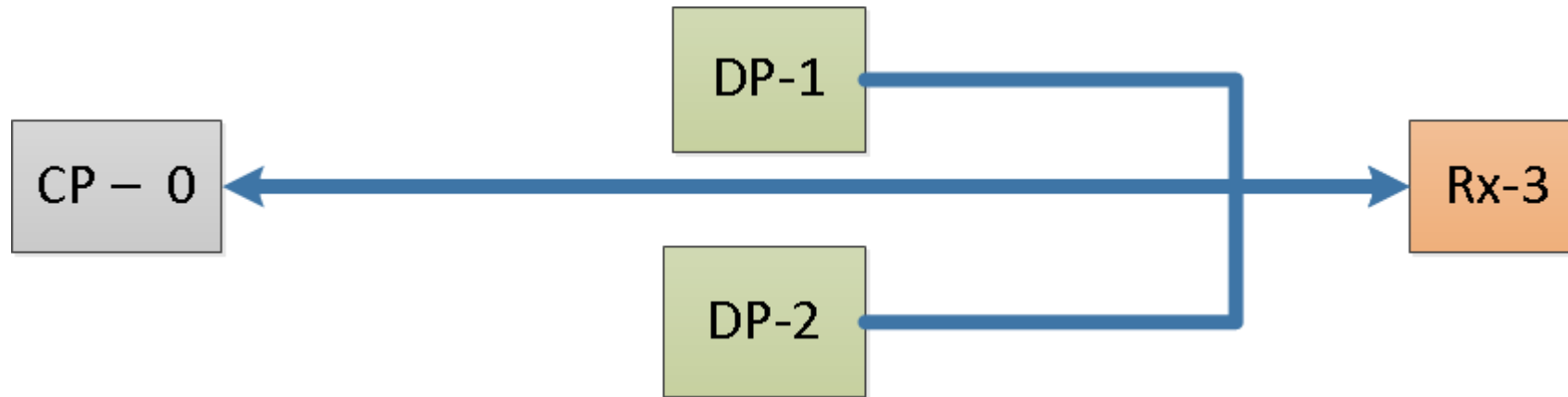
TREx CP-DP messaging

- One to many
- No locks



TRex RX-DP messaging

- One to many
- No locks



Traffic profile

One stream with two directions

```
def get_streams (self, direction = 0, **kwargs):  
    # create 1 stream  
    if direction==0:  
        src_ip="16.0.0.1"  
        dst_ip="48.0.0.1"  
    else:  
        src_ip="48.0.0.1"  
        dst_ip="16.0.0.1"  
  
    pkt    = STLPktBuilder(  
        pkt = Ether()/IP(src=src_ip,dst=dst_ip)/  
        UDP(dport=12,sport=1025)/(10*'x') )  
  
    return [ STLStream( packet = pkt,mode = STLTXCont() ) ]
```

1

Simple Interleaving streams

Stream 1
10 PPS



Stream 2
20 PPS



25 msec

Stream 3
40 PPS



50 msec

100

200

300

400

500

milliseconds (msec)

Simple Interleaving streams

```
def create_stream (self):  
  
    # create a base packet and pad it to size  
    size = self.fsize - 4 # no FCS  
    base_pkt = Ether()/IP(src="16.0.0.1",dst="48.0.0.1")/UDP(dport=12,sport=1025) ❶  
    base_pkt1 = Ether()/IP(src="16.0.0.2",dst="48.0.0.1")/UDP(dport=12,sport=1025)  
    base_pkt2 = Ether()/IP(src="16.0.0.3",dst="48.0.0.1")/UDP(dport=12,sport=1025)  
    pad = max(0, size - len(base_pkt)) * 'x'  
  
    return STLProfile( [ STLStream( isg = 0.0,  
                                    packet = STLPktBuilder(pkt = base_pkt/pad),  
                                    mode = STLTxCont( pps = 10), ❷  
                                ),  
  
                        STLStream( isg = 25000.0, #defined in usec, 25 msec  
                                    packet = STLPktBuilder(pkt = base_pkt1/pad),  
                                    mode = STLTxCont( pps = 20), ❸  
                                ),  
  
                        STLStream( isg = 50000.0, #defined in usec, 50 msec  
                                    packet = STLPktBuilder(pkt = base_pkt2/pad),  
                                    mode = STLTxCont( pps = 40) ❹  
                                )  
                        ] ).get_streams()
```

Multi burst

Stream 0

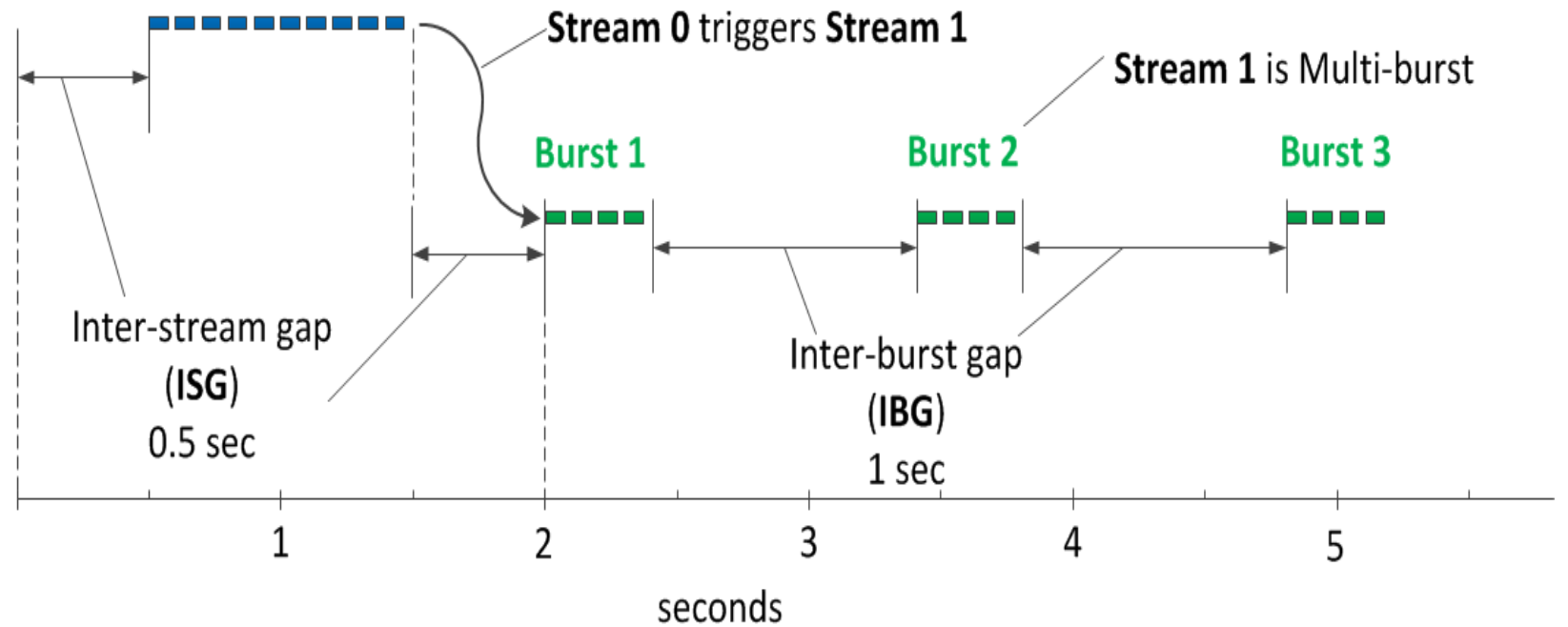
At start, inter-stream gap (ISG) of 0.5 sec

1 burst of 10 packets at 10 PPS

Stream 1

Triggered by Stream 0, inter-burst gap (IBG) of 1 sec

3 bursts of 4 packets at 10 PPS



Multi burst profile

```
def create_stream (self):

    # create a base packet and pad it to size
    size = self.fsize - 4 # no FCS
    base_pkt = Ether()/IP(src="16.0.0.1",dst="48.0.0.1")/UDP(dport=12,sport=1025)
    base_pkt1 = Ether()/IP(src="16.0.0.2",dst="48.0.0.1")/UDP(dport=12,sport=1025)
    pad = max(0, size - len(base_pkt)) * 'x'

    return STLProfile( [ STLStream( isg = 10.0, # start in delay

1                                name      = 'S0',
                                packet    = STLPktBuilder(pkt = base_pkt/pad),
                                mode      = STLTxSingleBurst( pps = 10, total_pkts = 10),
                                next      = 'S1'), # point to next stream

                        STLStream( self_start = False, # stream is disabled. Enabled by S0

2                                name      = 'S1',
                                packet    = STLPktBuilder(pkt = base_pkt1/pad),
                                mode      = STLTxMultiBurst( pps = 1000,
                                                                pkts_per_burst = 4,
                                                                ibg = 1000000.0,
                                                                count = 5)

                                )

                        ] ).get_streams()
```

Field Engine

- Flexible engine to change any field inside the packet
- Examples
 - Change TOS 1-20
 - Range/random of client IP 10.0.0.1-10.0.0.254
 - Fix TCP/UDP checksum
 - Repeatable random range
 - Packet size change 64-9k (e.g. random size)
 - Write bits

```

def create_stream (self):

    # TCP SYN
    base_pkt = Ether()/IP(dst="48.0.0.1")/TCP(dport=80,flags="S") ❶

    # vm
    vm = STLScVmRaw( [ STLVmFlowVar(name="ip_src",
                                   min_value="16.0.0.0",
                                   max_value="18.0.0.254",
                                   size=4, op="random"), ❷

                     STLVmFlowVar(name="src_port",
                                   min_value=1025,
                                   max_value=65000,
                                   size=2, op="random"), ❸

                     STLVmWrFlowVar(fv_name="ip_src", pkt_offset= "IP.src" ), ❹

                     STLVmFixIpv4(offset = "IP"), # fix checksum ❺

                     STLVmWrFlowVar(fv_name="src_port",
                                   pkt_offset= "TCP.sport") # U ❻

                    ]

    )

    pkt = STLPktBuilder(pkt = base_pkt,
                       vm = vm)

    return STLStream(packet = pkt,
                    random_seed = 0x1234, # can be removed. will give the same random value
                    mode = STLTxCont())

```

any run

Field Engine, SYN attack

Instructions

https://trex-tgn.cisco.com/trex/doc/cp_stl_docs/api/field_engine.html

Instruction type	Description	API
STLVmFlowVar	Define a variable	<code>STLVmFlowVar(name, init_value=None, min_value=0, max_value=255, size=4, step=1, op='inc')</code>
STLVmFlowVarRepetableRandom	Repeatable random var	<code>STLVmFlowVarRepetableRandom(name, size=4, limit=100, seed=None, min_value=0, max_value=None)</code>
STLVmTupleGen	Tuple generator struct	<code>STLVmTupleGen(name, ip_min='0.0.0.1', ip_max='0.0.0.10', port_min=1025, port_max=65535, limit_flows=100000, flags=0)</code>
STLVmTrimPktSize	Trim the packet size by var name	<code>STLVmTrimPktSize(fv_name)</code>
STLVmFixIpv4	Fix IPv4 header checksum	<code>STLVmFixIpv4(offset)</code>
STLVmFixChecksumHw	Fix TCP/UDP checksum	<code>STLVmFixChecksumHw(l3_offset, l4_offset, l4_type)</code>
STLVmWrMaskFlowVar	Write a variable to bits	<code>STLVmWrMaskFlowVar(fv_name, pkt_offset, pkt_cast_size=1, mask=255, shift=0, add_value=0, offset_fixup=0, is_big=True)</code>
STLVmWrFlowVar	Write a variable	<code>STLVmWrFlowVar(fv_name, pkt_offset, offset_fixup=0, add_val=0, is_big=True)</code>

Per stream statistics

- Implemented using hardware assist with Intel X710/XL710 NIC flow director rules
- With other NICs (Intel I350, 82599), implemented in software.

```
class STLS1(object):  
  
    def get_streams (self, direction = 0):  
        return [STLStream(packet = STLPktBuilder(pkt = "stl/yaml/udp_64B_no_crc.pcap"),  
                           mode = STLTxCont(pps = 1000),  
                           flow_stats = STLFlowStats(pg_id = 7)), ❶  
  
                STLStream(packet = STLPktBuilder(pkt = "stl/yaml/udp_594B_no_crc.pcap"),  
                           mode = STLTxCont(pps = 5000),  
                           flow_stats = STLFlowStats(pg_id = 12)) ❷  
  
        ]
```

Per stream statistics -TUI

Streams Statistics

PG ID	12	7	

Tx pps	5.00 Kpps	999.29 pps	#1
Tx bps L2	23.60 Mbps	479.66 Kbps	
Tx bps L1	24.40 Mbps	639.55 Kbps	

Rx pps	5.00 Kpps	999.29 pps	#2
Rx bps	N/A	N/A	#3

opackets	222496	44500	
ipackets	222496	44500	
obytes	131272640	2670000	
ibytes	N/A	N/A	#3

tx_pkts	222.50 Kpkts	44.50 Kpkts	
rx_pkts	222.50 Kpkts	44.50 Kpkts	
tx_bytes	131.27 MB	2.67 MB	
rx_bytes	N/A	N/A	#3

Per stream latency/jitter

- Base on per stream stats hardware assist
- Forward specific type of packets
- Filter is based on IPV4.ID and IPv6.flow_id
- Software measures latency and jitter
resolution is ~usec (not nsec)

```
def get_streams (self, direction = 0, **kwargs):  
    return [STLStream(packet = STLPktBuilder(pkt = "yaml/udp_64B_no_crc.pcap"),  
                    mode = STLTxCont(pps=1000),  
                    flow_stats = STLFlowLatencyStats(pg_id = 7)),  
  
            STLStream(packet = STLPktBuilder(pkt = "yaml/udp_594B_no_crc.pcap"),  
                    mode = STLTxCont(pps=5000),  
                    flow_stats = STLFlowLatencyStats(pg_id = 12))  
    ]
```

Latency/Jitter-TUI

Connection : csi-kiwi-02, Port 4501
Version : v2.09, UUID: N/A
Cpu Util. : 0.01% @ 8 cores (4 per port)
Rx Cpu Util. : 0.03%
Async Util. : 0.89% / 2.58 KB/sec
:

Latency Statistics (u**sec**)

PG ID	12	13	14	15
TX pkts	97922	97922	97922	97922
RX pkts	97922	97922	97922	97922
Max latency	37	35	38	43
Avg latency	22	22	22	22
-- Window --				
Last (max)	28	24	30	29
Last-1	28	24	30	30
Last-2	29	24	30	30
Last-3	29	24	30	30
Last-4	35	24	24	30
Last-5	24	23	24	30
Last-6	24	23	23	34
Last-7	28	24	29	30
Last-8	29	24	30	30
Last-9	29	31	30	30

Jitter	0	0	0	0

Errors	0	0	0	0

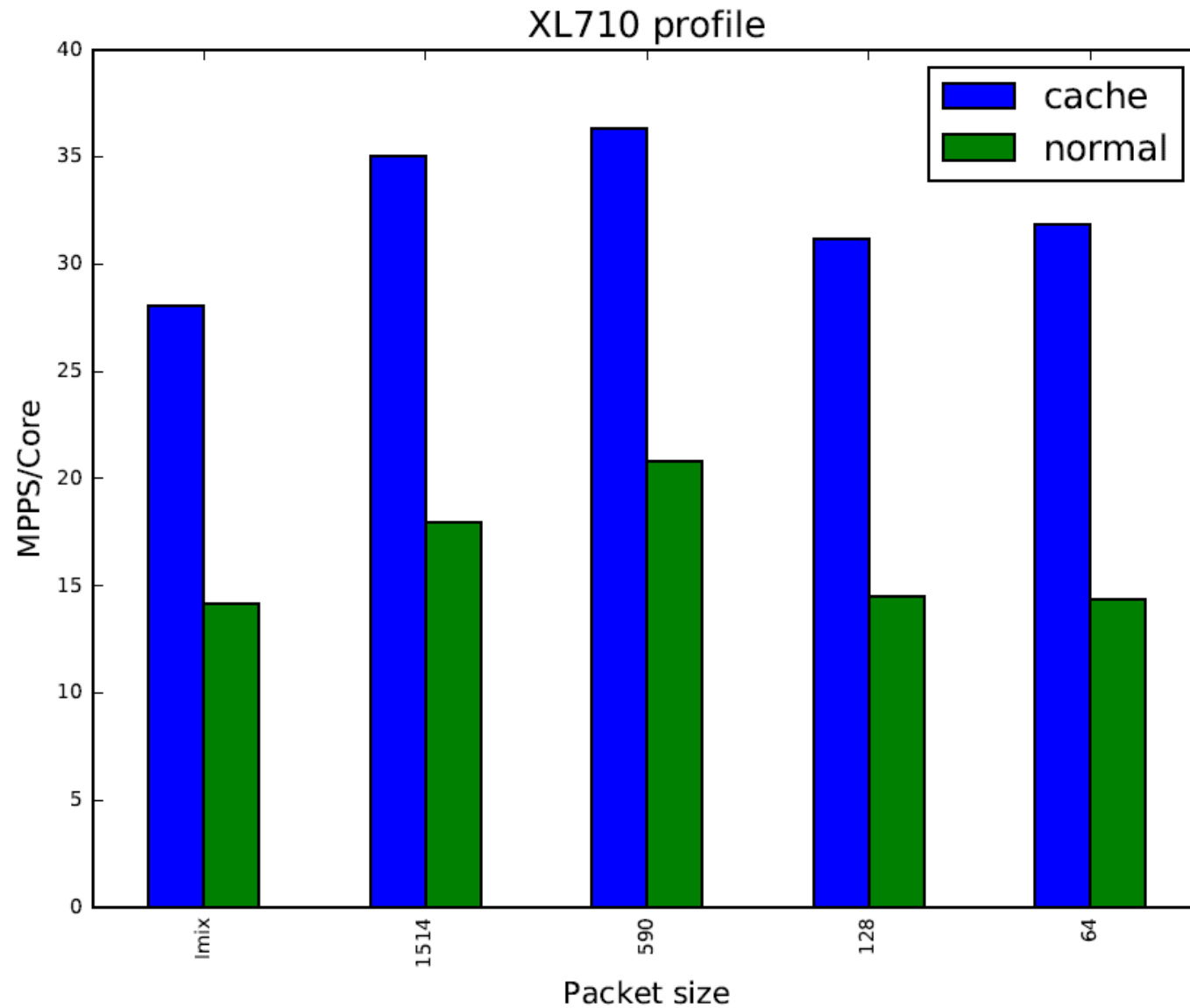


Performance

Performance setup

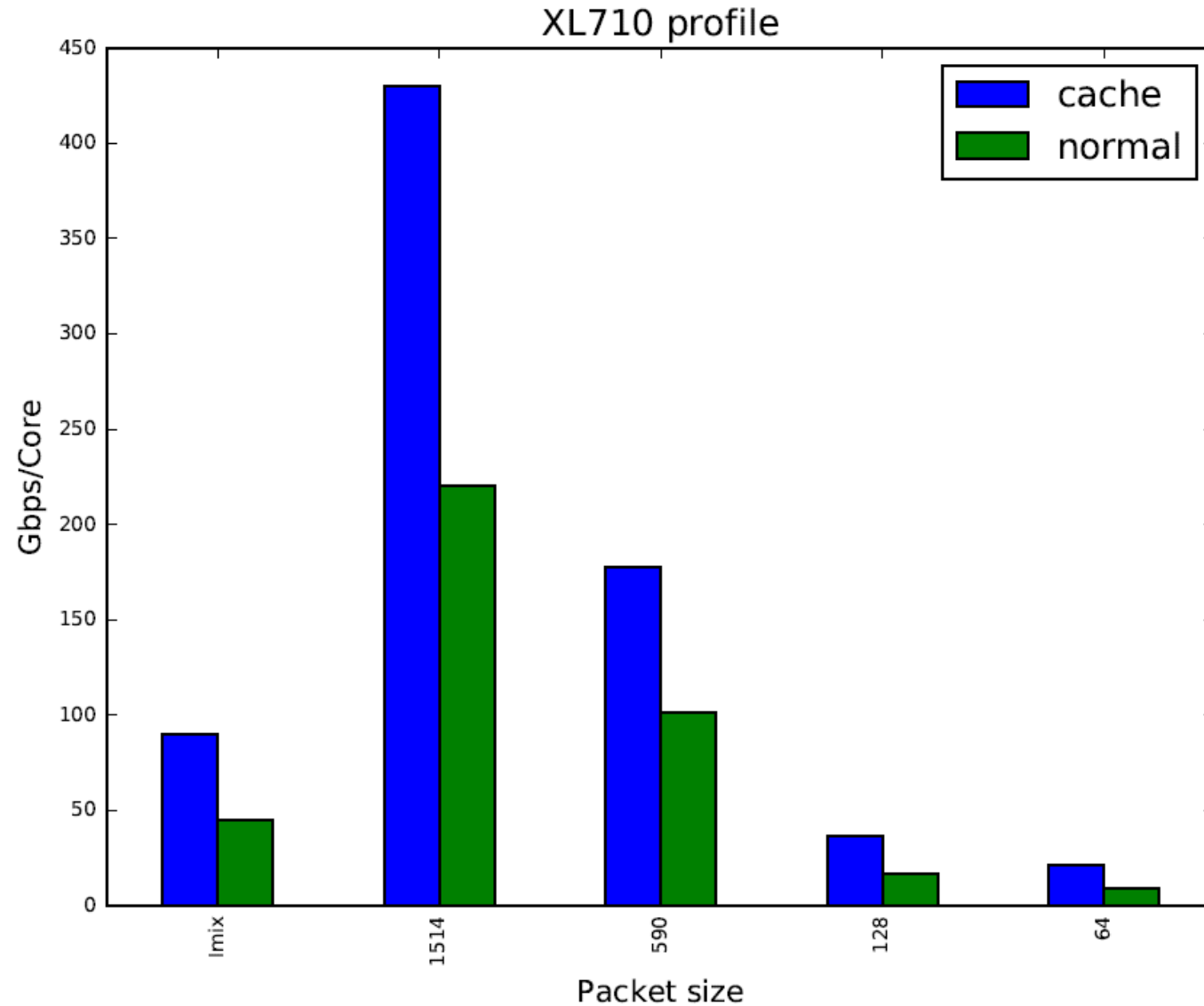
Server:	UCSC-C240-M4SX
CPU:	2 x Intel® Xeon® CPU E5-2667 v3 @ 3.20GHz
RAM:	65536 @ 2133 MHz
NICs:	2 x Intel Corporation Ethernet Controller XL710 for 40GbE QSFP+ (rev 01)
QSFP:	Cisco QSFP-H40G-AOC1M
OS:	Fedora 18
Switch:	Cisco Nexus 3172 Chassis, System version: 6.0(2)U5(2).
TRex:	v2.09 using 7 cores per dual interface.

Performance XL710 MPPS/Core



[link](#)

Performance XL710 gbps/core



[link](#)



Automation

Simple example

```
c = STLClient(username = "itay", server = "10.0.0.10", verbose_level = LoggerApi.VERBOSE_HIGH)

try:
    # connect to server
    c.connect()

    # prepare our ports (my machine has 0 <--> 1 with static route)
    c.reset(ports = [0, 1])

    # add both streams to ports
    c.add_streams(s1, ports = [0])

    # clear the stats before injecting
    c.clear_stats()

    c.start(ports = [0, 1], mult = "5mpps", duration = 10)

    # block until done
    c.wait_on_traffic(ports = [0, 1])

    # check for any warnings
    if c.get_warnings():
        # handle warnings here
        pass

finally:
    c.disconnect()
```

```
hltapi = CTrexHltApi()
res = hltapi.connect(device = args.ip, port_list = [0, 1],
                    reset = True, break_locks = True)

res = hltapi.traffic_config(mode = 'create',
                           bidirectional = True,
                           port_handle = ports[0],
                           port_handle2 = ports[1],
                           frame_size = args.frame_size,
                           mac_src = args.src_mac, mac_dst = args.dst_mac,
                           mac_src2 = args.dst_mac, mac_dst2 = args.src_mac,
                           l3_protocol = 'ipv4',
                           ip_src_addr = '10.0.0.1',
                           ip_src_mode = 'increment',
                           ip_src_count = 254,

                           ip_dst_addr = '8.0.0.1',
                           ip_dst_mode = 'increment',
                           ip_dst_count = 254,

                           l4_protocol = 'udp',
                           udp_dst_port = 12,
                           udp_src_port = 1025,

                           stream_id = 1,
                           rate_pps = args.rate_pps,
                           )

res = hltapi.traffic_control(action = 'run', port_handle = ports[:2])
wait_with_progress(args.duration)
res = hltapi.traffic_control(action = 'stop', port_handle = ports[:2])
res = hltapi.traffic_stats(mode = 'aggregate', port_handle = ports[:2])
res = hltapi.cleanup_session(port_handle = 'all')
```

Python HLTAPI Automation



Interaction

Console

```
#load the trex as a server for interactive mode
$sudo ./t-rex-64 -i

#connect to the server from any server ( Python 2/3.4)
$./trex-console
```

```
#start traffic on all port
>start -a -m 1 -f stl/imix_1pkt.py

#pause traffic on all port
>pause -a

#resume traffic on all port
>resume -a

#stop traffic on all port
>stop -a

#show dynamic statistic
>tui

#show port statistic
>stats -p

#clear statistic
>clear

#show stream statistic
>streams
```

Shell

Console

TRex Stateless GUI

File

Traffic Profiles

Stats

Help

▼ TReX-csi-kiwi-02

Global Stats

Port Statistics

▼

Port 0 (hhaim)

Profile

Port stats

▼

Port 1 (hhaim)

Profile

Port stats

▶

Port 2 (hhaim)

▶

Port 3 (hhaim)

Counter	Port 0	Port 1	Port 2	Port 3
Owner	hhaim	hhaim	hhaim	hhaim
State	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE
Tx bps L2	5.11 Gbps	5.12 Gbps	5.12 Gbps	5.12 Gbps
Tx pps	9.99 Mpps	10.00 Mpps	10.00 Mpps	10.00 Mpps
Rx bps	4.90 Gbps	5.12 Gbps	4.91 Gbps	5.12 Gbps
Rx pps	9.57 Mpps	10.00 Mpps	9.58 Mpps	10.00 Mpps
opackets	4352314764	4352314958	4352302669	4352302792
ipackets	4174247733	4352313051	4174235665	4352300933
obytes	278548145408	278548157312	278547370816	278547379136
ibytes	267151855296	278548035392	267151082752	278547259840
tx-bytes	278.55 GB	278.55 GB	278.55 GB	278.55 GB
rx-bytes	267.15 GB	278.55 GB	267.15 GB	278.55 GB
tx-pkts	4.35 Gpkts	4.35 Gpkts	4.35 Gpkts	4.35 Gpkts

Log View

Console Log View

Copy to clipboard

Info 19:40:58

Acquiring port [0]

Info 19:40:58

Acquiring port [1]

Info 19:40:58

Acquiring port [2]

Info 19:40:58

Acquiring port [3]

Event 19:40:58

Port {3} was forcibly taken by hhaim

Connected

TReX

Realistic Traffic Generator



TRex Stateless GUI – Stream builder

Edit Stream {sad}

Stream Properties

Protocol Selection

Protocol Data

Packet viewer

Mode
☒ Continuous
☐ Burst
☐ Multi-Burst

Misc
☒ Enabled
☒ Self start

Numbers
Number of Packets
Number of Burst
Packets per Burst

Rate
☒ Packet/Sec
☐ Packets Bits/Sec
Burst/Sec

After this stream
☒ Stop
☐ Goto Stream
☐ Time in loop

Gaps(in seconds)

ISG

PKT1

IPG

PKT2

ISG IBG IPG

RX Stats
☒ Enabled Stream ID
☒ Seq enabled ☒ Latency enabled

Cancel

Save

TRex
Realistic Traffic Generator

More info

- [Stateless manual](#)
- [TRex documents Index](#)
- [GitHub](#)

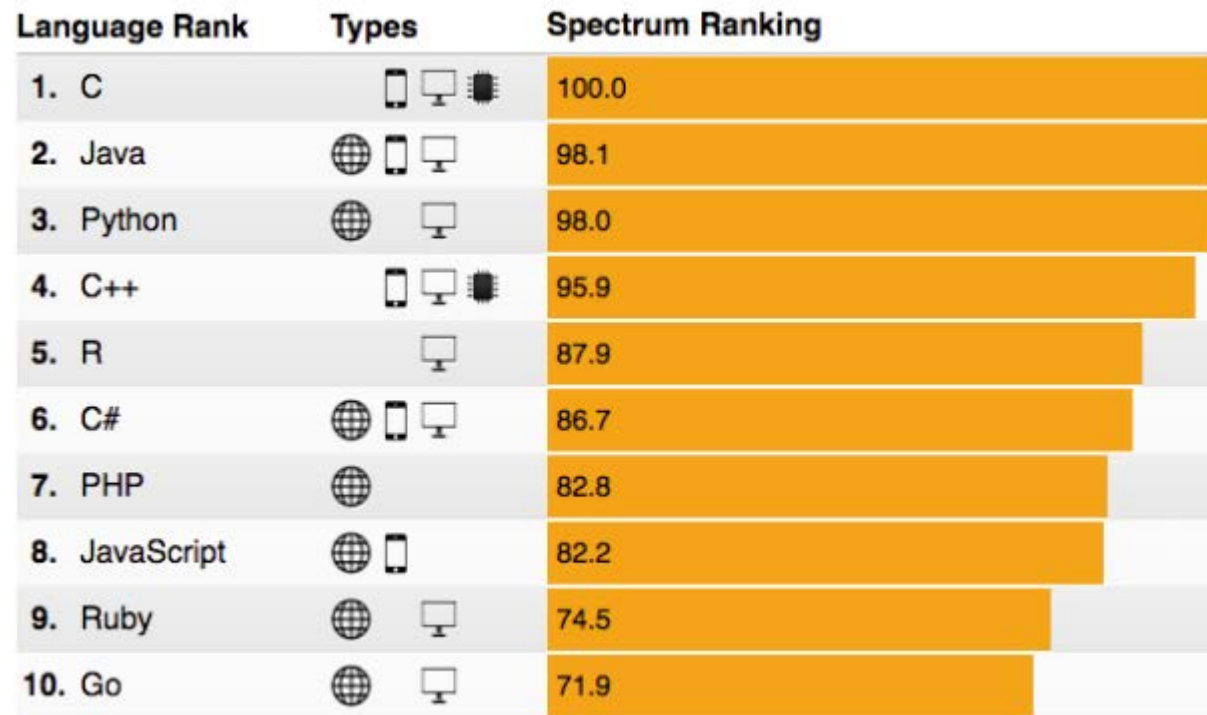
Questions?

Hanoch Haim

hhaim@cisco.com

Requirements - HLPAPI /TCL

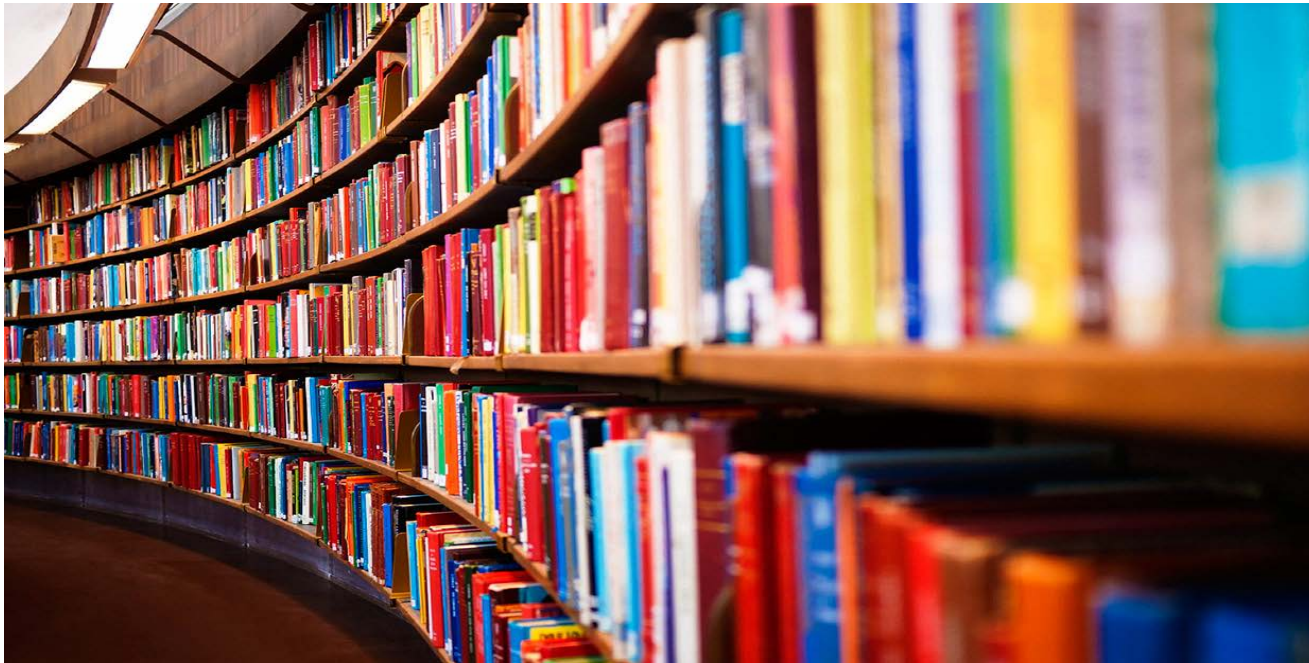
By *IEEE Spectrum's* TCL is not part of the top 10 language



HLTAPI

Should be common API for IXIA/Spirent

- There are a lot of exceptions
- Mixing packet crafting and mode of sending
- **IXIA has 2000 pages** of HLTAPI implementation details



HLTAPI

```
res = hltapi.traffic_config(mode = 'create',
    bidirectional = True,
    port_handle = ports[0],
    port_handle2 = ports[1],
    frame_size = args.frame_size,
    mac_src = args.src_mac, mac_dst = args.dst_mac,
    mac_src2 = args.dst_mac, mac_dst2 = args.src_mac,
    l3_protocol = 'ipv4',
    ip_src_addr = '10.0.0.1',
    ip_src_mode = 'increment',
    ip_src_count = 254,

    ip_dst_addr = '8.0.0.1',
    ip_dst_mode = 'increment',
    ip_dst_count = 254,

    l4_protocol = 'udp',
    udp_dst_port = 12,
    udp_src_port = 1025,

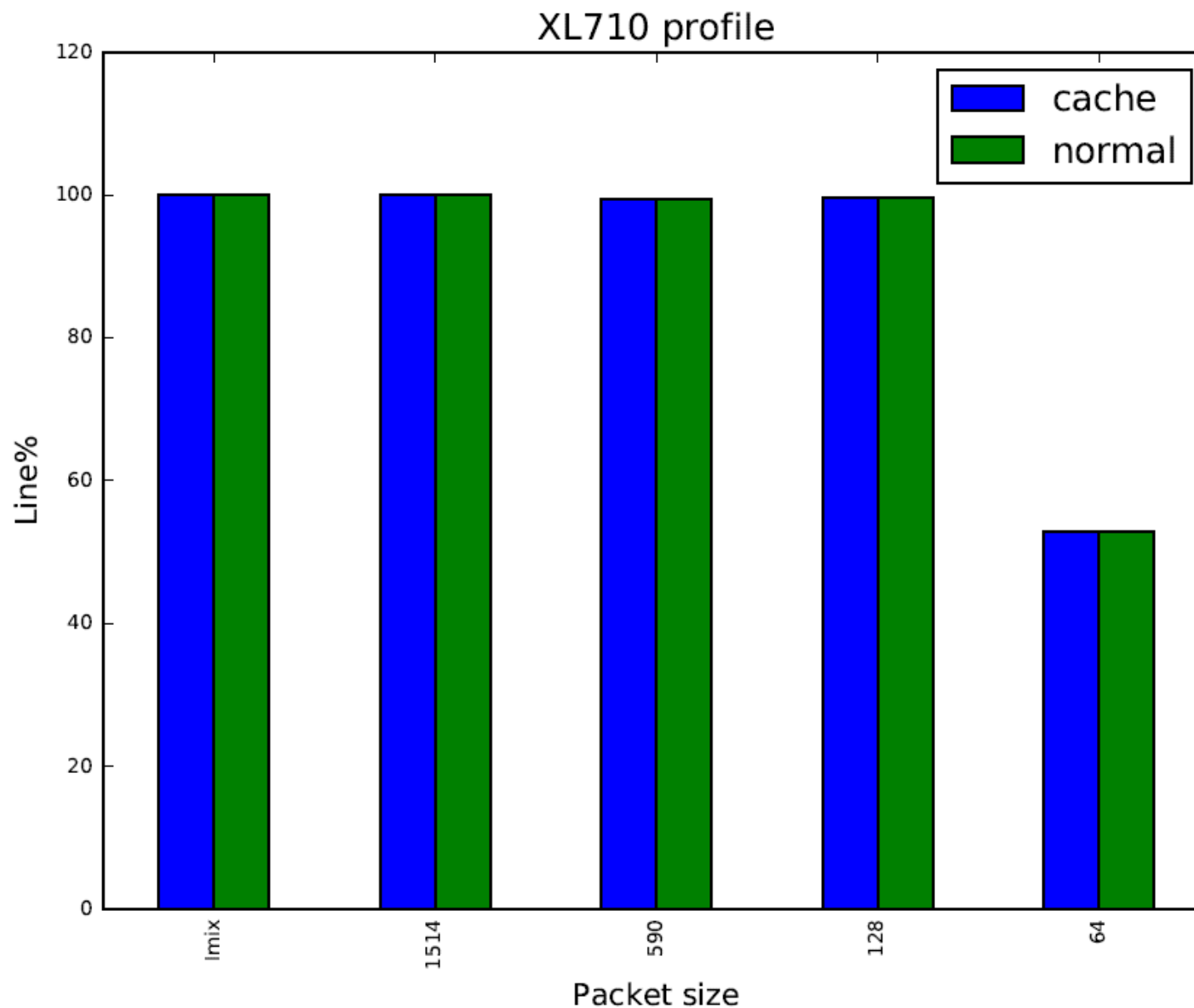
    stream_id = 1,
    rate_pps = args.rate_pps,
)
```

- Packet definition
- Field Engine
- Tx Mode



- Bloat of API arguments

Performance XL710 Line%



[link](#)

- XL710 support line rate from 128B

Simple load profile

```
try:
    # connect to server
    c.connect()

    my_ports=[0,1]

    # prepare our ports
    c.reset(ports = my_ports)

    profile_file =    "../../../stl/udp_pkt_simple.py"    # a traffic profile file

    try:                                                    # load a profile
        profile = STLProfile.load(profile_file)
    except STLError as e:
        print format_text("\nError while loading profile '{0}'\n".format(profile_file), 'bold')
        print e.brief() + "\n"
        return

    print profile.dump_to_yaml()                            # print it as YAML

    c.remove_all_streams(my_ports)                          # remove all streams

    c.add_streams(profile.get_streams(), ports = my_ports)  # add them

    c.start(ports = [0, 1], mult = "5mpps", duration = 10) # start for 10 sec

    # block until done
    c.wait_on_traffic(ports = [0, 1])                      # wait
```